

How Do We Measure the Value and Output of Research? Thoughts from NIH

Michael S Lauer, MD
Deputy Director for Extramural Research
National Institutes of Health

Meeting of the Federal Demonstration Partnership
Monday, January 9, 2017

Hyatt Regency Capitol Hill, Regency B Ballroom, 400 New Jersey Ave
NW, Washington DC (12:15 PM)

Disclosures: None

100 Metrics to Assess and Communicate the Value of Biomedical Research

An Ideas Book



Susan Guthrie, Joachim Krapels,
Catherine Lichten, Steven Wooding

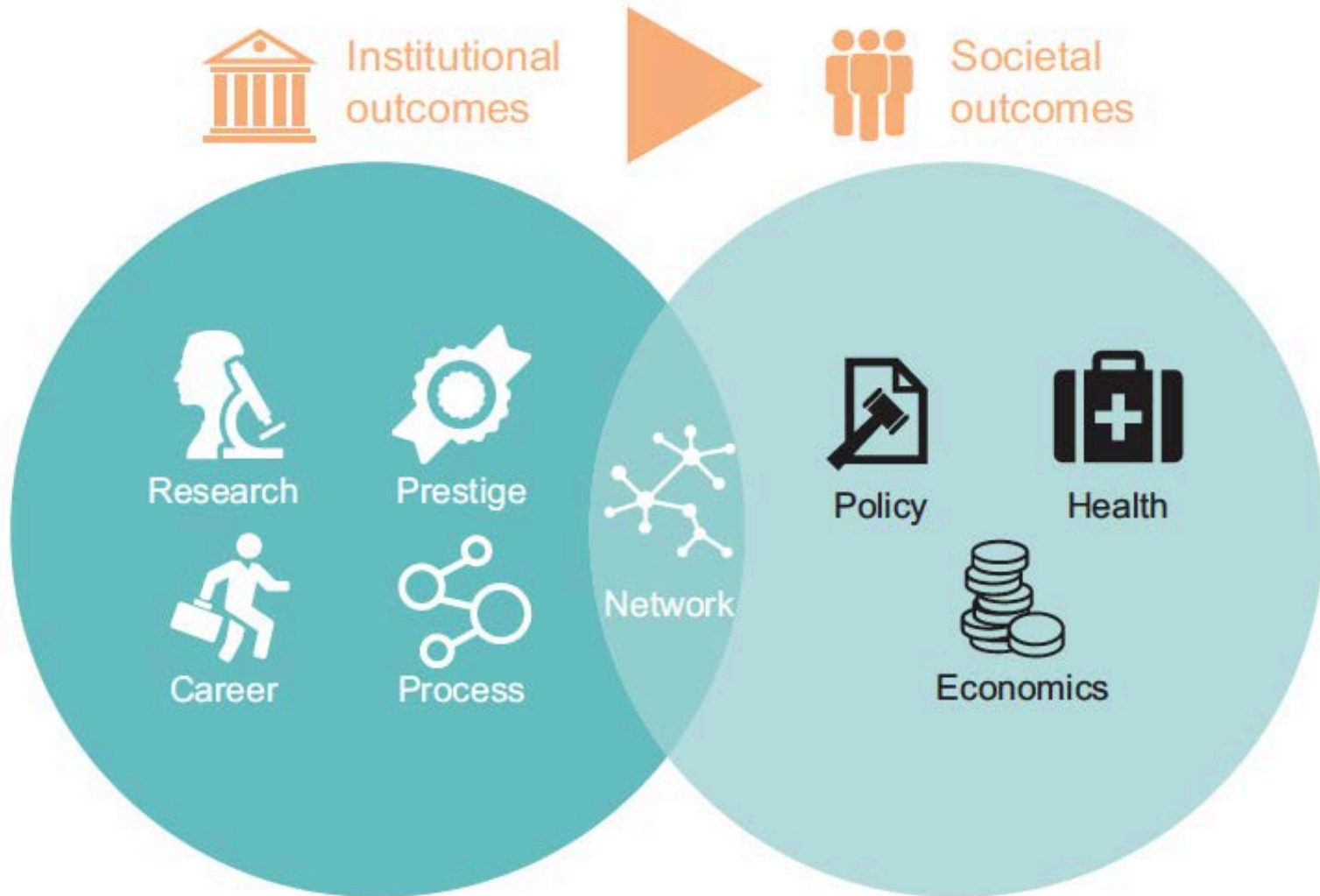


EUROPE



National Institutes of Health
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High-Level Categories

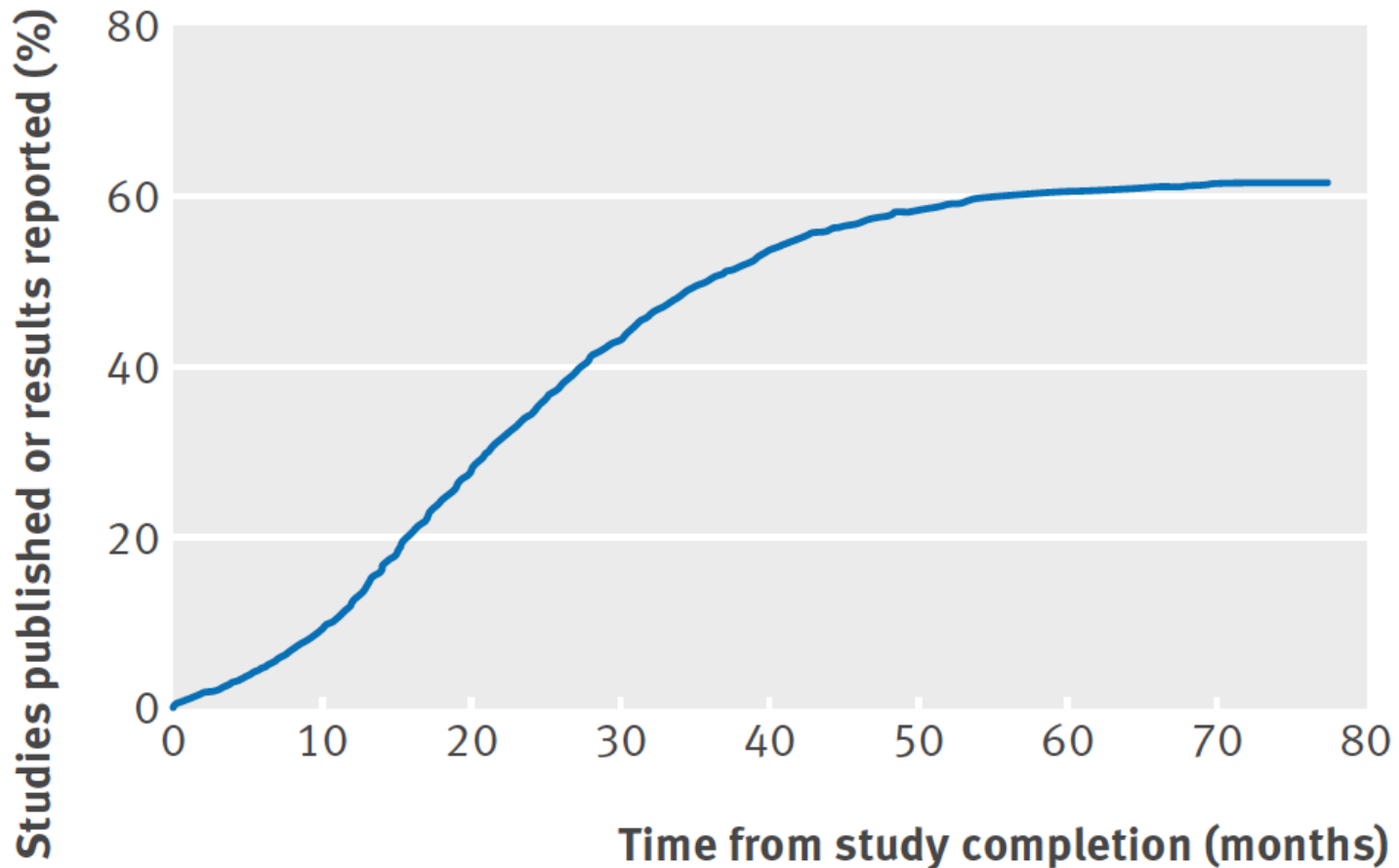


Assessing Value in Biomedical Research

The PQRST of Appraisal and Reward

- P = productivity
 - Publish trial results
 - Highly-cited papers: **field-normalized**
- Q = quality
- R = replication
- S = sharing
- T = translation

P: Publish Trial Results (!?)



“Only 29% of completed clinical trials conducted by the faculty at major academic institutions were published within two years...”



Academic Medical Centers Get An F In Sharing Research Results

February 23, 2016 · 1:59 PM ET
Commentary

HARLAN KRUMHOLZ

VIEWPOINT

Toward a New Era of Trust and Transparency in Clinical Trials



Who will check the study results if they aren't made public?

Simone Golob/Corbis

Kathy L. Hudson, PhD
National Institutes of
Health, Bethesda,
Maryland.

Michael S. Lauer, MD
National Institutes of
Health, Bethesda,
Maryland.

**Francis S. Collins, MD,
PhD**
National Institutes of
Health, Bethesda,
Maryland.

Krumholz H. www.npr.org (Feb 23, 2016)
JAMA (on-line Sept 16, 2016)



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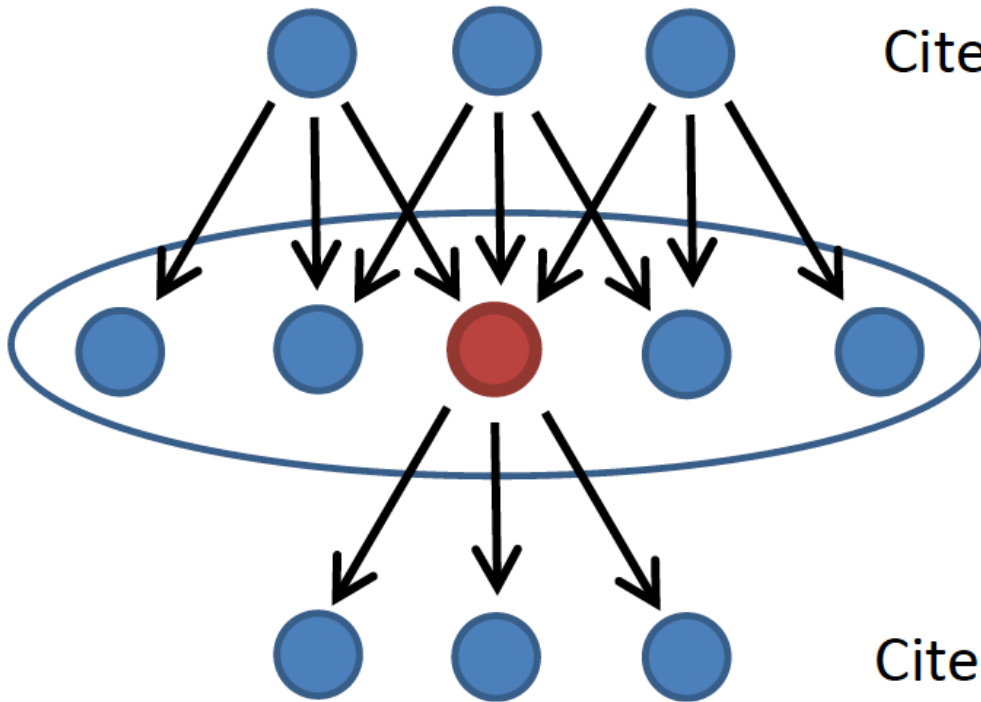
P: Relative Citation Ratio

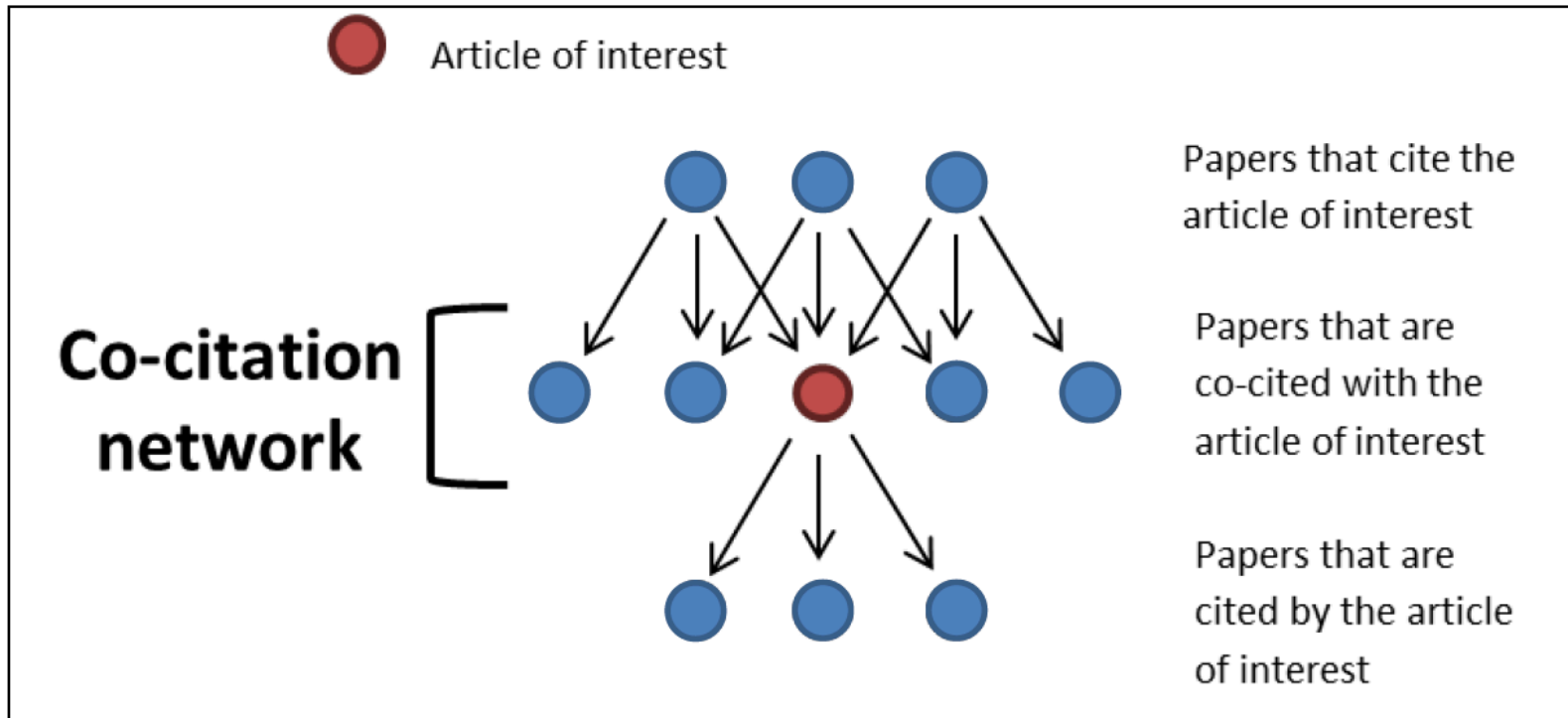
● = Article of interest

Cite the article of interest

Co-cited with article
of interest:
the co-citation network

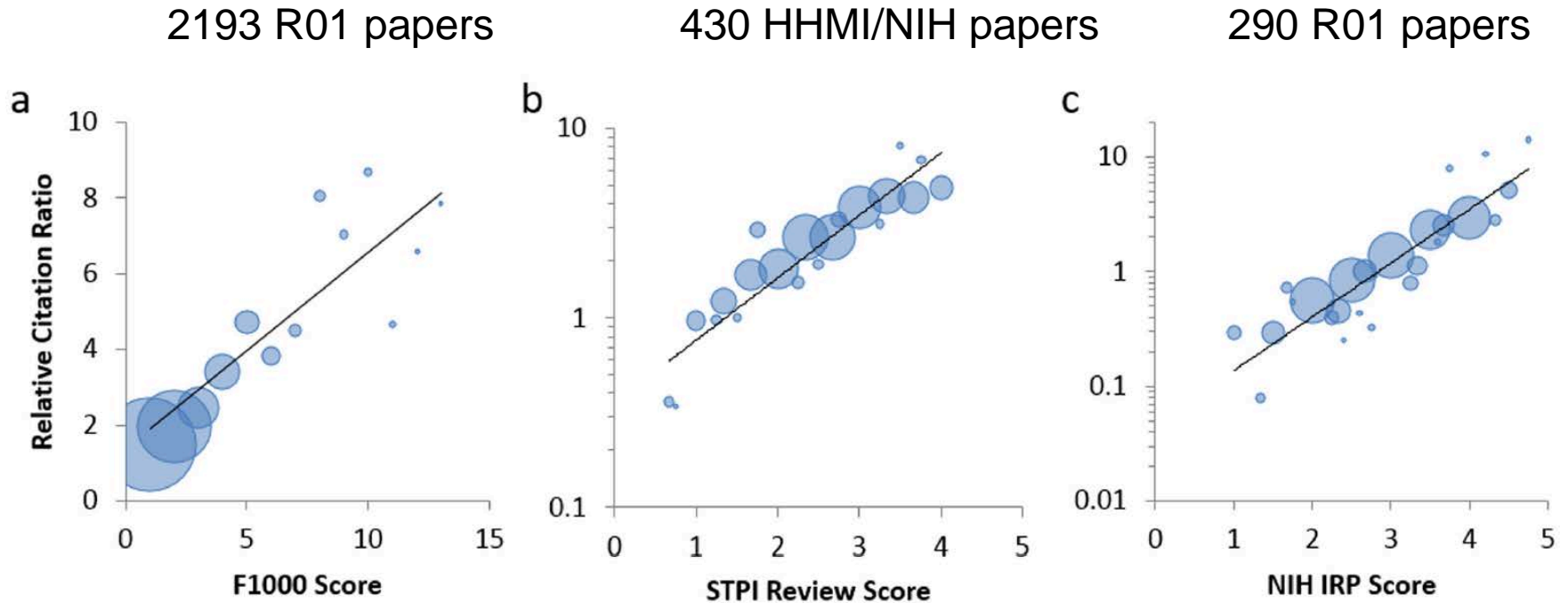
Cited by the article of interest





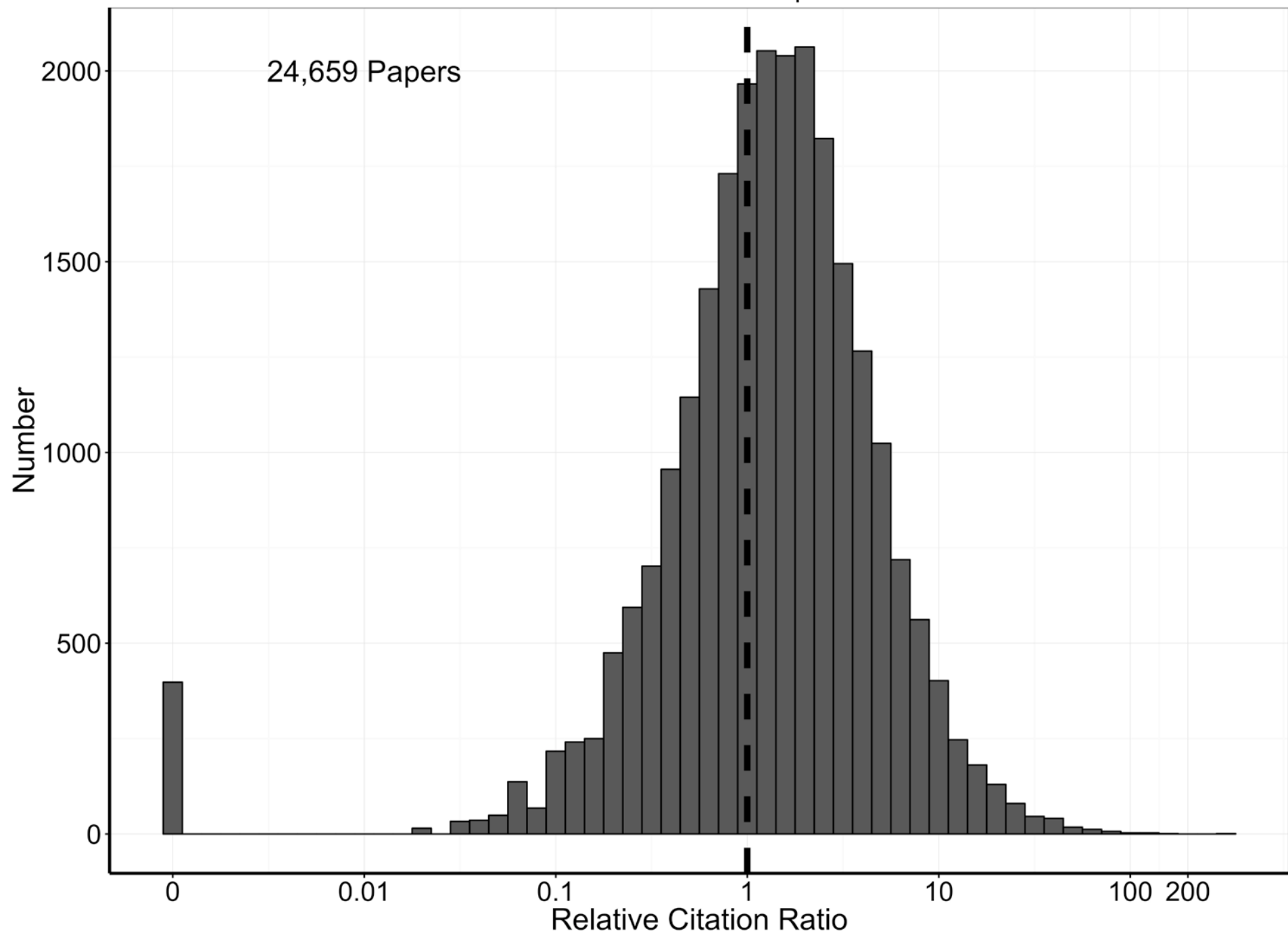
0 = never cited
1 = average
2 = twice the average
>20 = exceptionally highly cited

How Do We Know Whether It Means Anything?



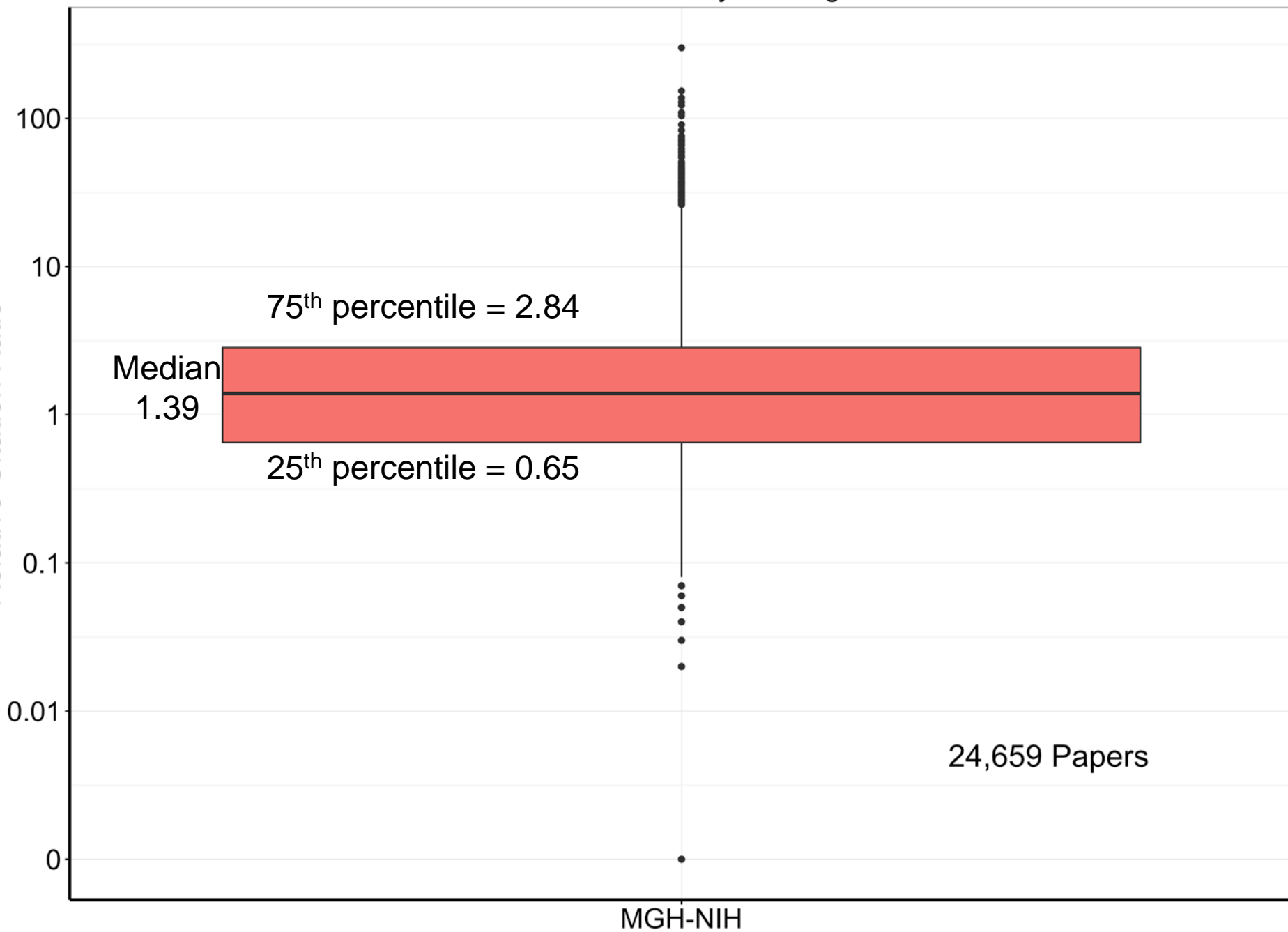
NIH Office of Portfolio Analysis
PLoS Biology (September 6, 2016)

Field-Normalized Citation Metric for MGH Papers Published 1995 to 2014

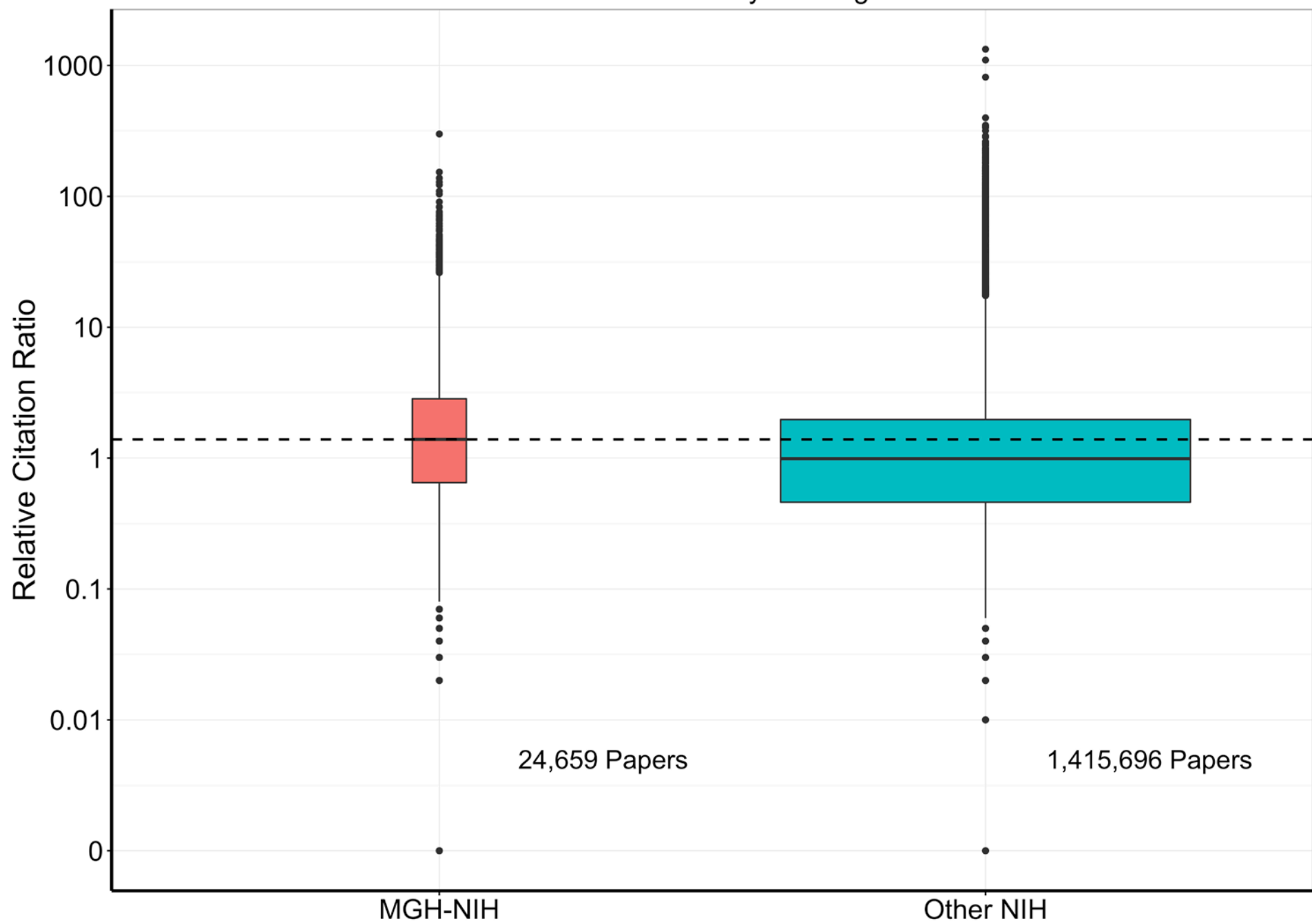


Box Plot RCR by Funding

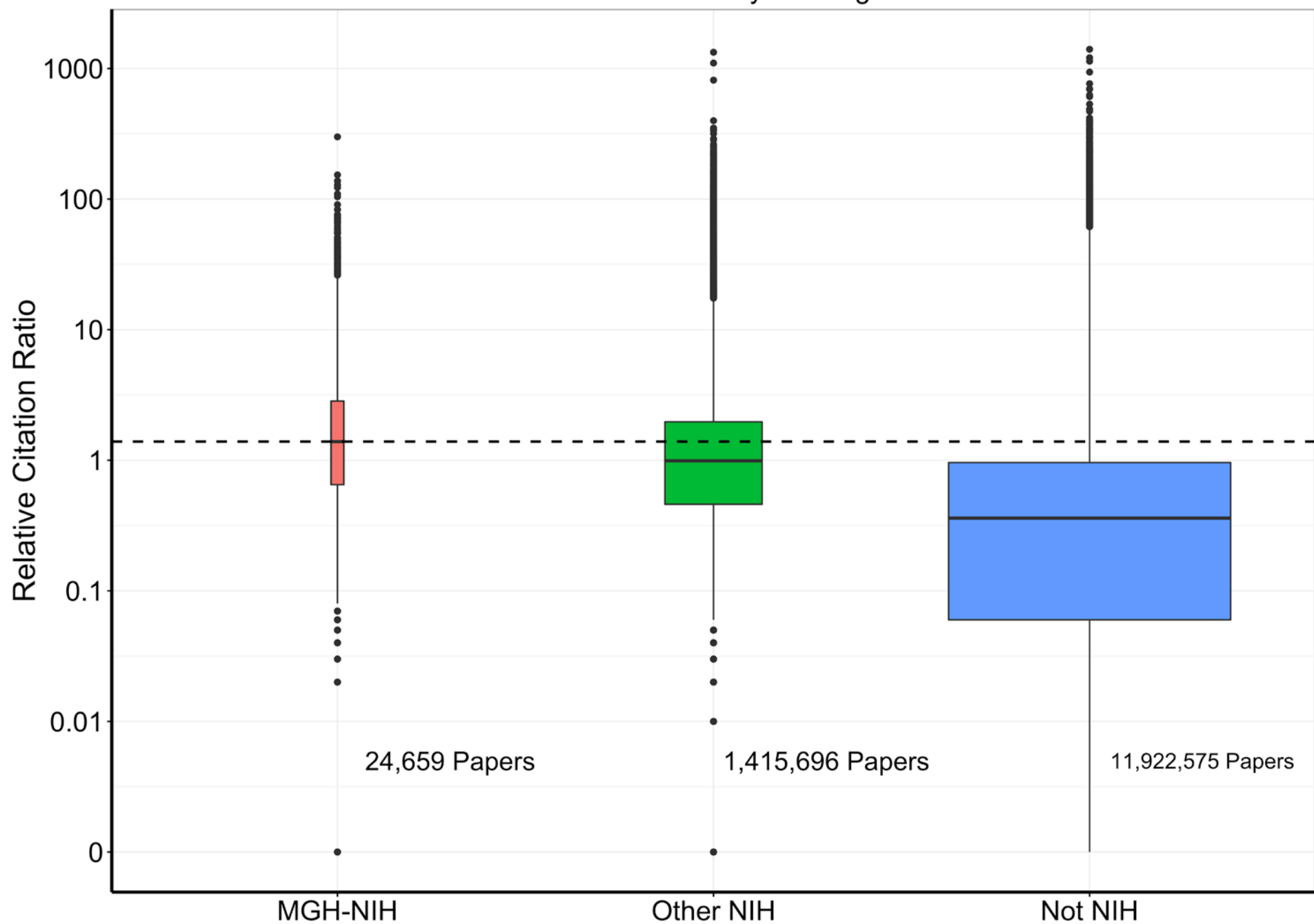
Relative Citation Ratio



Box Plot RCR by Funding



Box Plot RCR by Funding





PERSPECTIVE



CrossMark
click for updates

PERSPECTIVE

Rescuing US biomedical research from its systemic flaws

Bruce Alberts^a, Marc W. Kirschner^b, Shirley Tilghman^{c,1}, and Harold Varmus^d

^aDepartment of Biophysics and Biochemistry, University of California, San Francisco, CA 94158; ^bDepartment of Systems Biology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02115; ^cDepartment of Molecular Biology, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ 08540; and ^dNational Cancer Institute, Bethesda, MD 20892

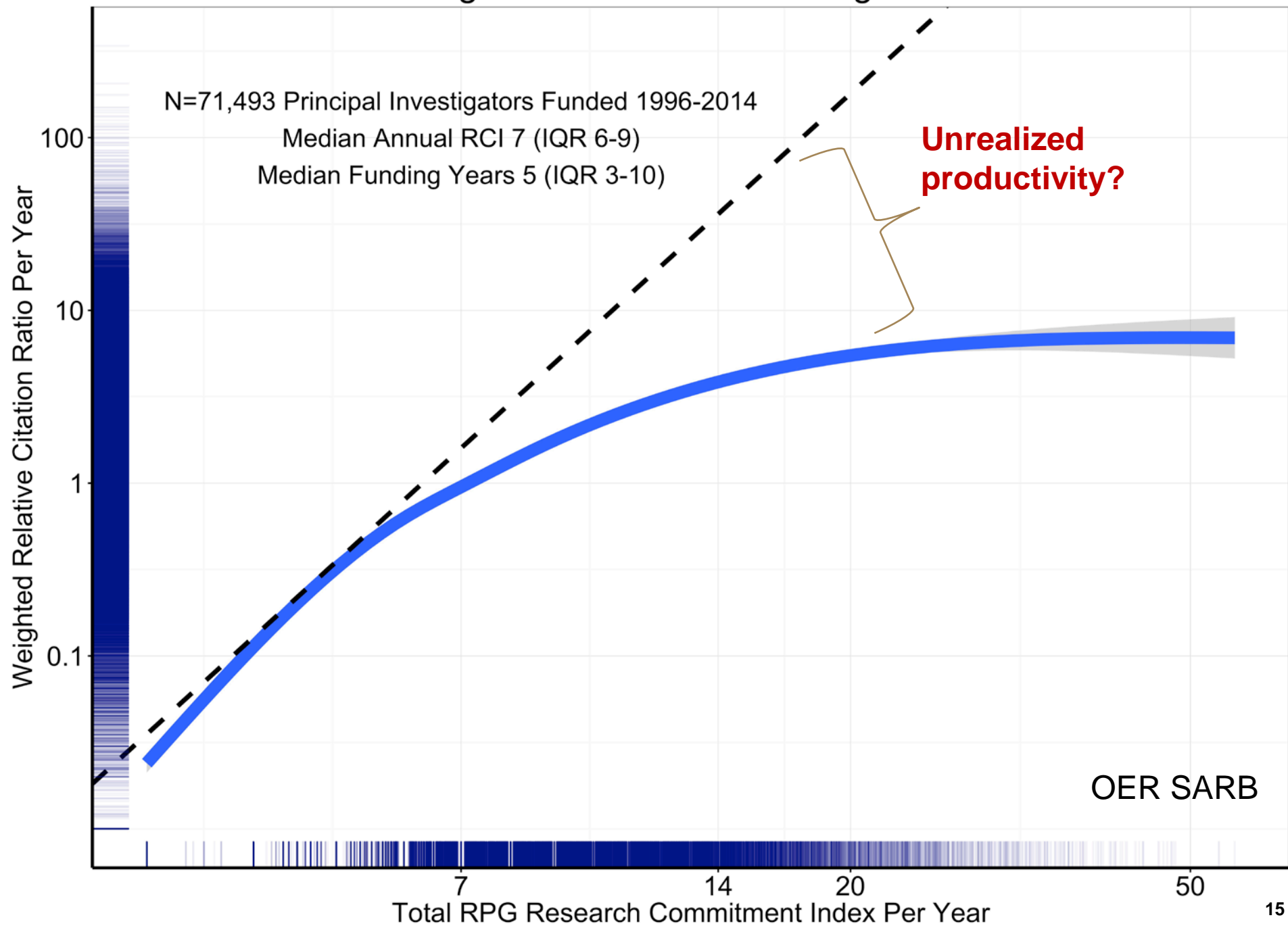
Edited by Inder M. Verma, The Salk Institute for Biological Studies, La Jolla, CA, and approved March 18, 2014 (received for review March 7, 2014)

The long-held but erroneous assumption of never-ending rapid growth in biomedical science has created an unsustainable hypercompetitive system that is discouraging even the most outstanding prospective students from entering our profession—and making it difficult for seasoned investigators to produce their best work. This is a recipe for long-term decline, and the problems cannot be solved with simplistic approaches. Instead, it is time to confront the dangers at hand and rethink some fundamental features of the US biomedical research ecosystem.

“Agencies should be sensitive to the total numbers of dollars granted to individual laboratories...—although different research activities have different costs—at some point, **returns per dollar diminish.**”

Alberts B et al. PNAS. 2014;111:5773-7

Strong Evidence of Diminishing Returns

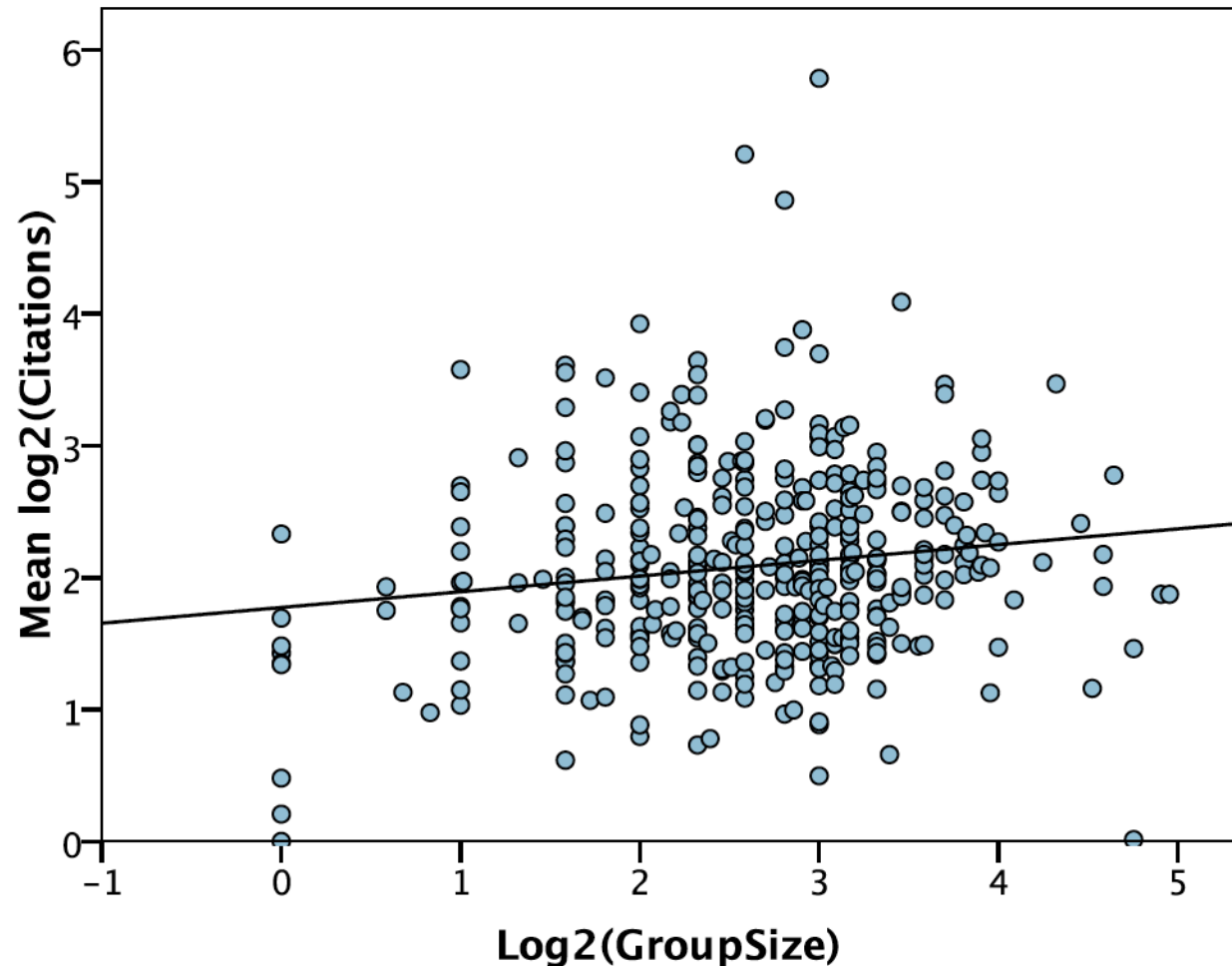


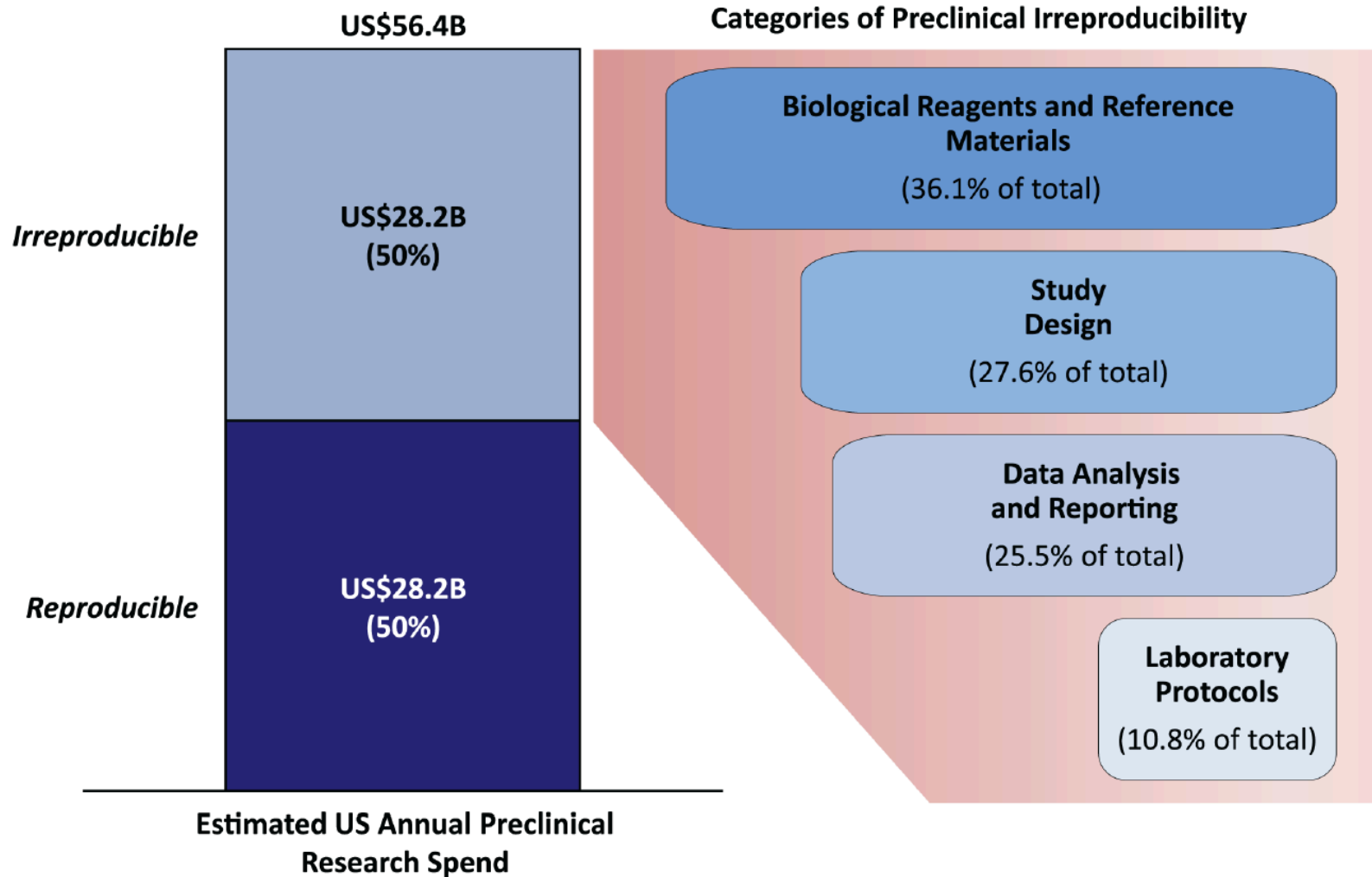
Research groups: How big should they be?

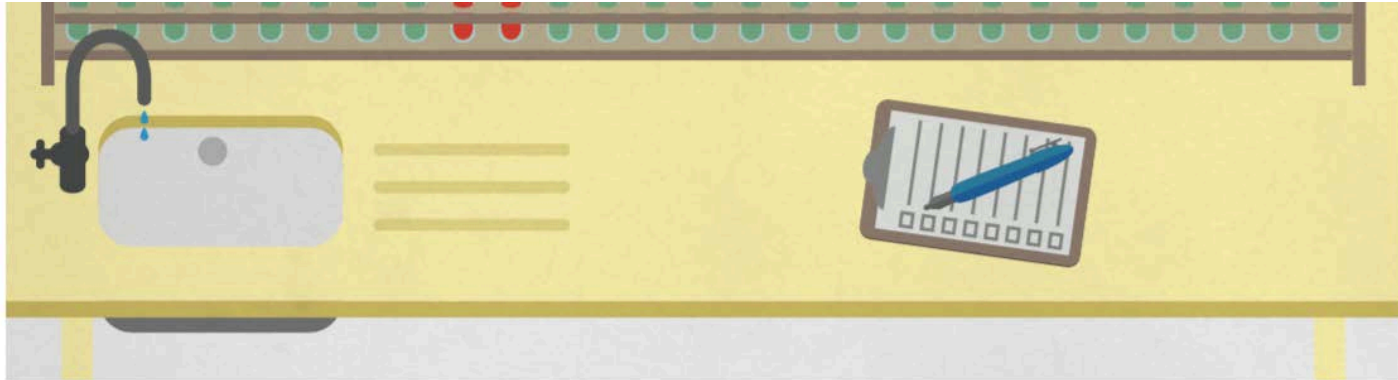
Isabelle Cook, Sam Grange and Adam Eyre-Walker

School of Life Sciences, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom

“They all show
a pattern of
diminishing
returns...”







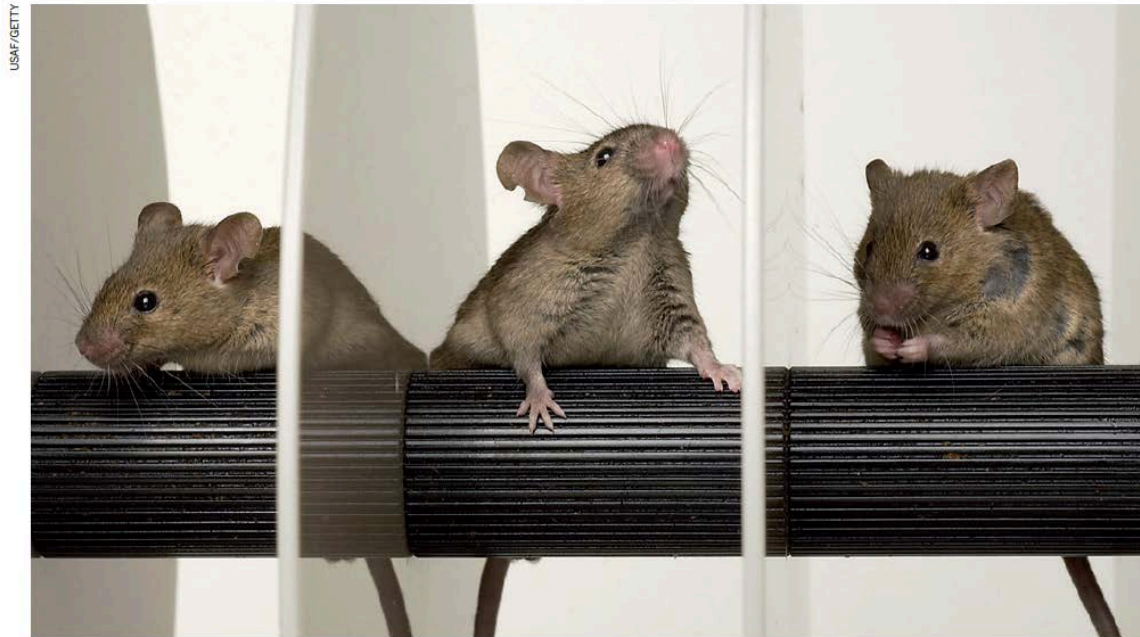
NIH plans to enhance reproducibility

Francis S. Collins and **Lawrence A. Tabak** discuss initiatives that the US National Institutes of Health is exploring to restore the self-correcting nature of preclinical research.

Nature 2014;505:612-13



Q and R: Beginning to Be Recognized



USAF/GETTY

Experiments that use only a small number of animals are common, but might not give meaningful results.

MEDICAL RESEARCH

UK funders demand strong statistics for animal studies

Move addresses concerns that some experiments are not using enough animals.

BY DANIEL CRESSEY

Replace, refine, reduce: the 3 Rs of ethical animal research are widely accepted around the world. But now the message

for animal experiments. Funding applicants must now show that their work will provide statistically robust results — not just explain how it is justified and set out the ethical implications — or risk having their grant application rejected.

Sert, who works on experimental design at the National Centre for the Replacement, Refinement and Reduction (NC3Rs) of Animals in Research in London. “These animals are going to be wasted.”



NIH National Institutes of Health
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Cressey D. Nature 2015;520:271-2



The BioLINCC Handbook

Guide to Accessing the NHLBI Biologic
Specimen and Data Repositories

<https://biolincc.nhlbi.nih.gov>

Funding Opportunity Title

Maximizing the Scientific Value of the NHLBI Biorepository:
Scientific Opportunities for Exploratory Research (R21)



National Institutes of Health
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BU Today

Science & Tech

\$30 Million from AHA Bolsters Framingham Heart Study

Sponsors collaboration between BU, University of Mississippi

12.09.2013

By [Leslie Friday](#)



Editorial

OPEN

Reinvestment in Government-Funded Research A Great Way to Share

Paul D. Sorlie, PhD; Phyliss D. Sholinsky, MSPH; Michael S. Lauer, MD

Circulation. 2015;131:17-18



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T: Ability to Respond to Emergencies ...

PERSPECTIVES

INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Zika vaccine trials

There are new and familiar challenges in the race for timely and effective vaccines

By **Marc Lipsitch¹** and
Benjamin J. Cowling²



Earlier this year, the U.S. National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases launched a safety and immunogenicity clinical trial of a vaccine candidate to prevent Zika virus infection.

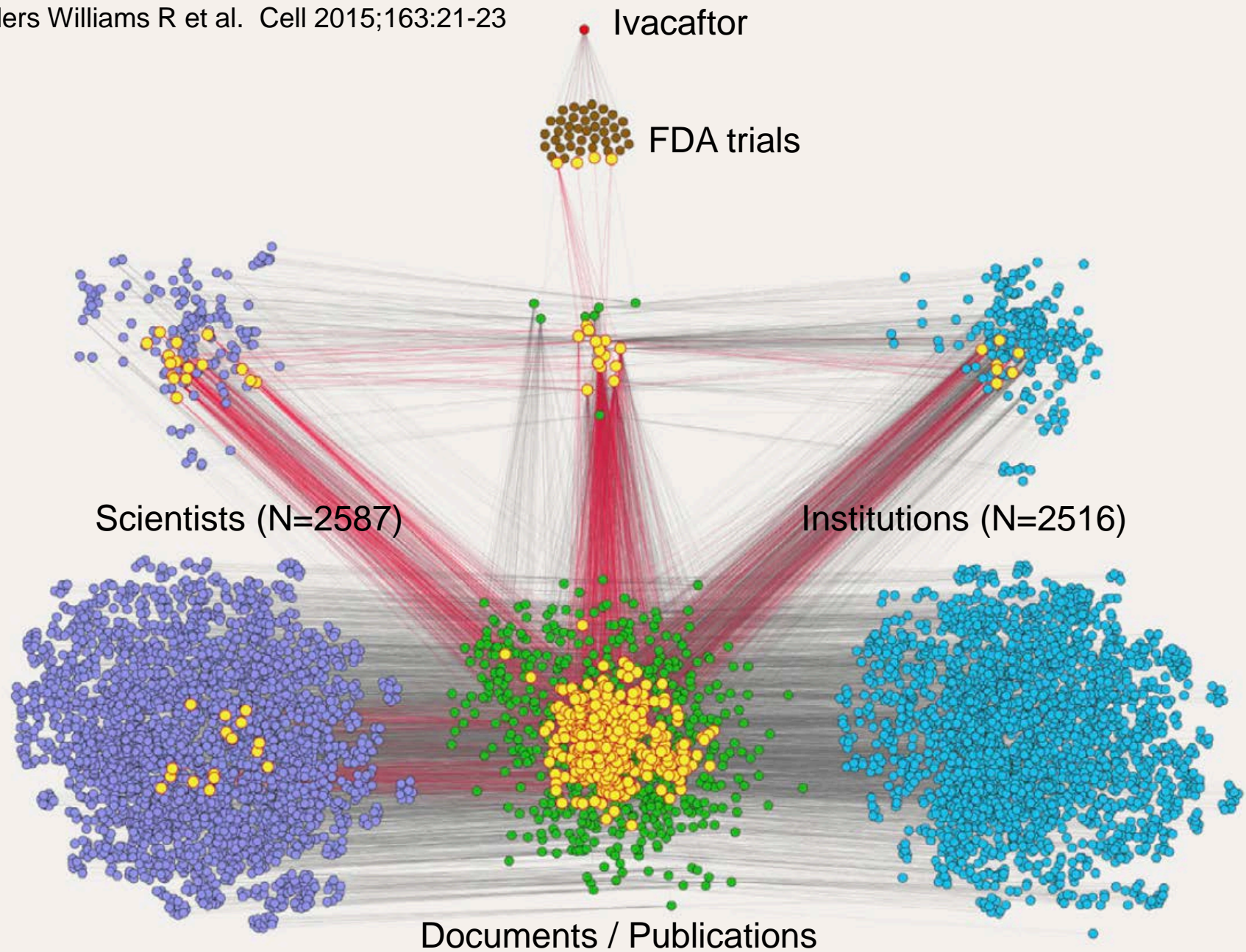
Science 2016;353:1094-5



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B

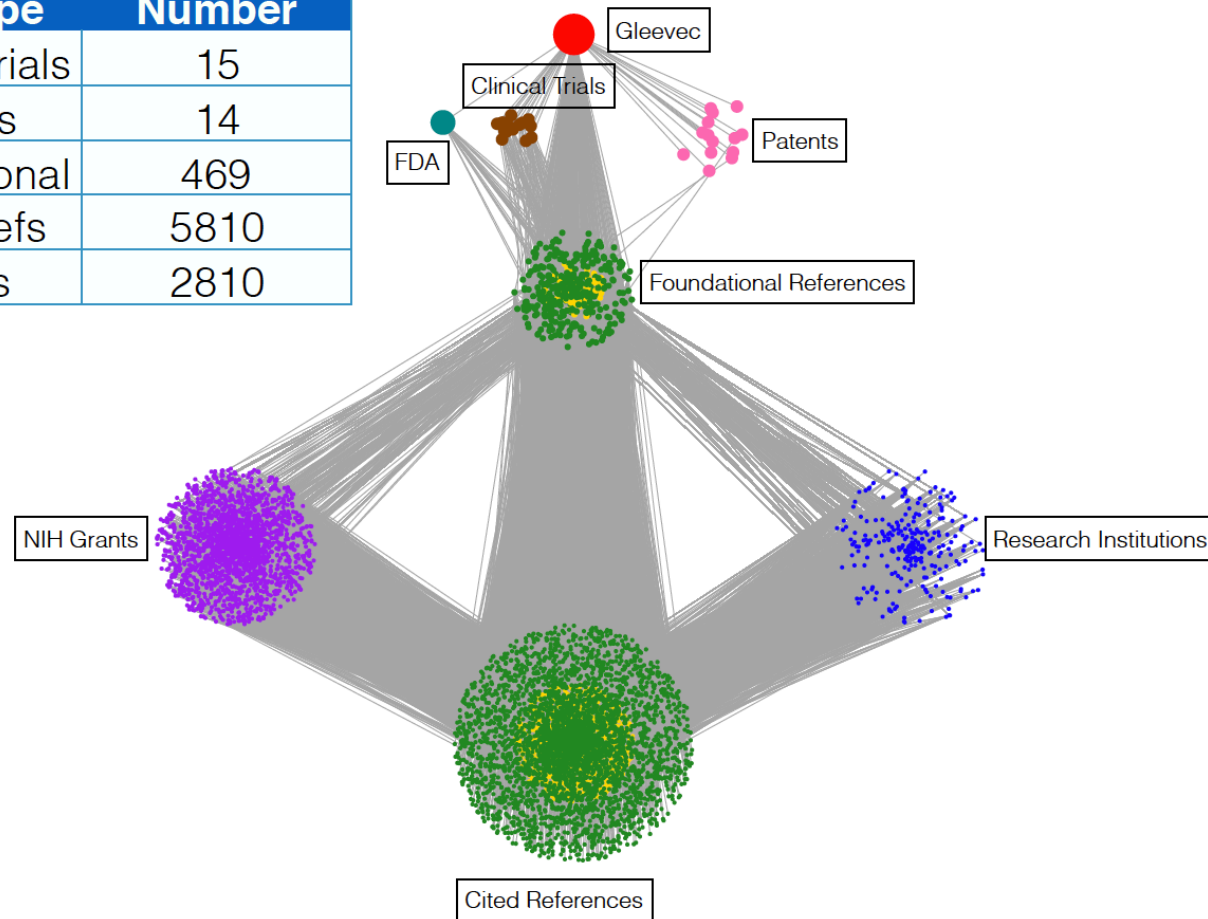
Sanders Williams R et al. Cell 2015;163:21-23



T: A Data-Based Outcome Story

Gleevec

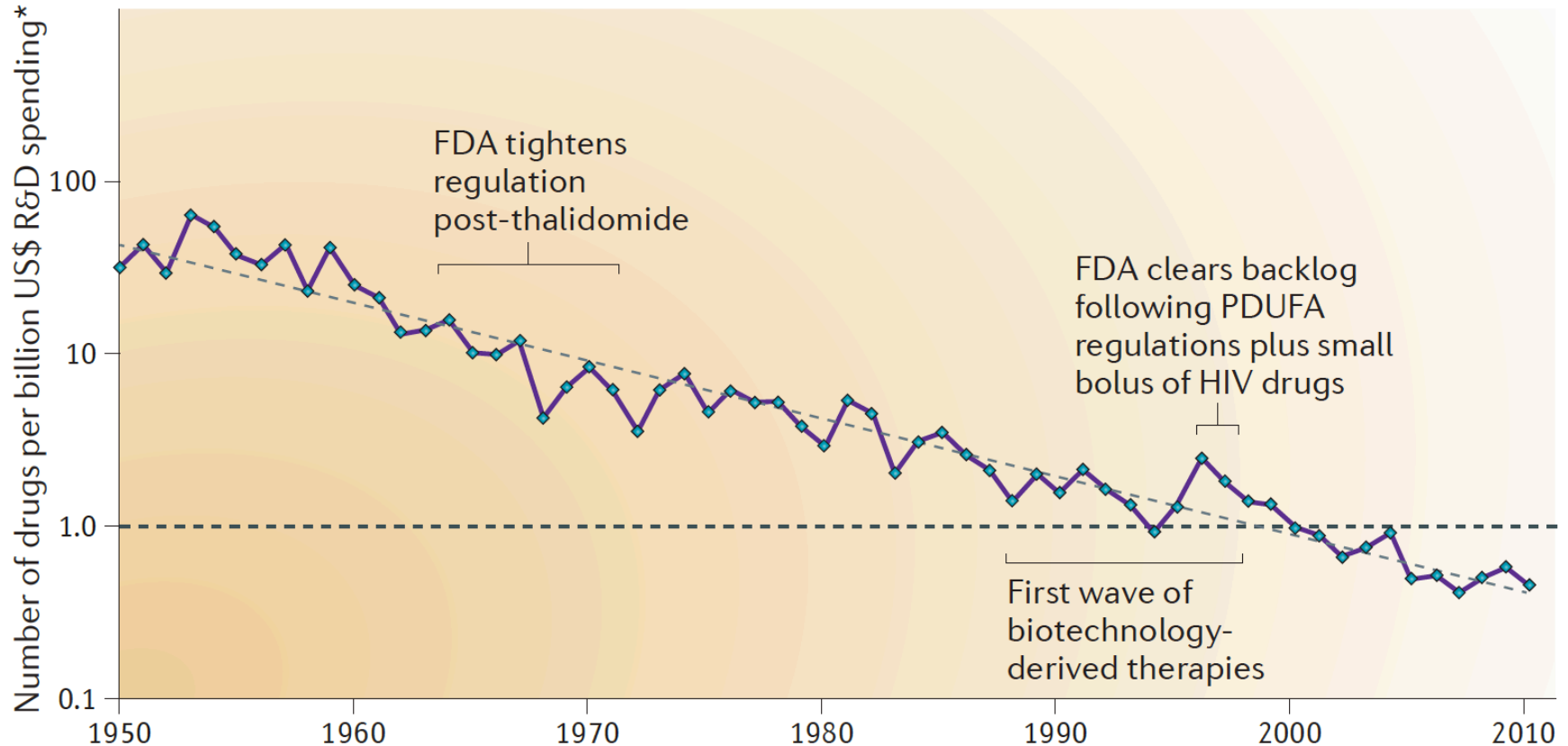
Nodetype	Number
Clinical Trials	15
Patents	14
Foundational	469
Gen2 Refs	5810
Grants	2810



Thanks Jim Onken, Brian Haugan, George Chacko,
Shixin Jiang, Samet Keserci, Alex Pico, and Lindsay Wan

T: Why Should We Care? “Eroom’s Law”

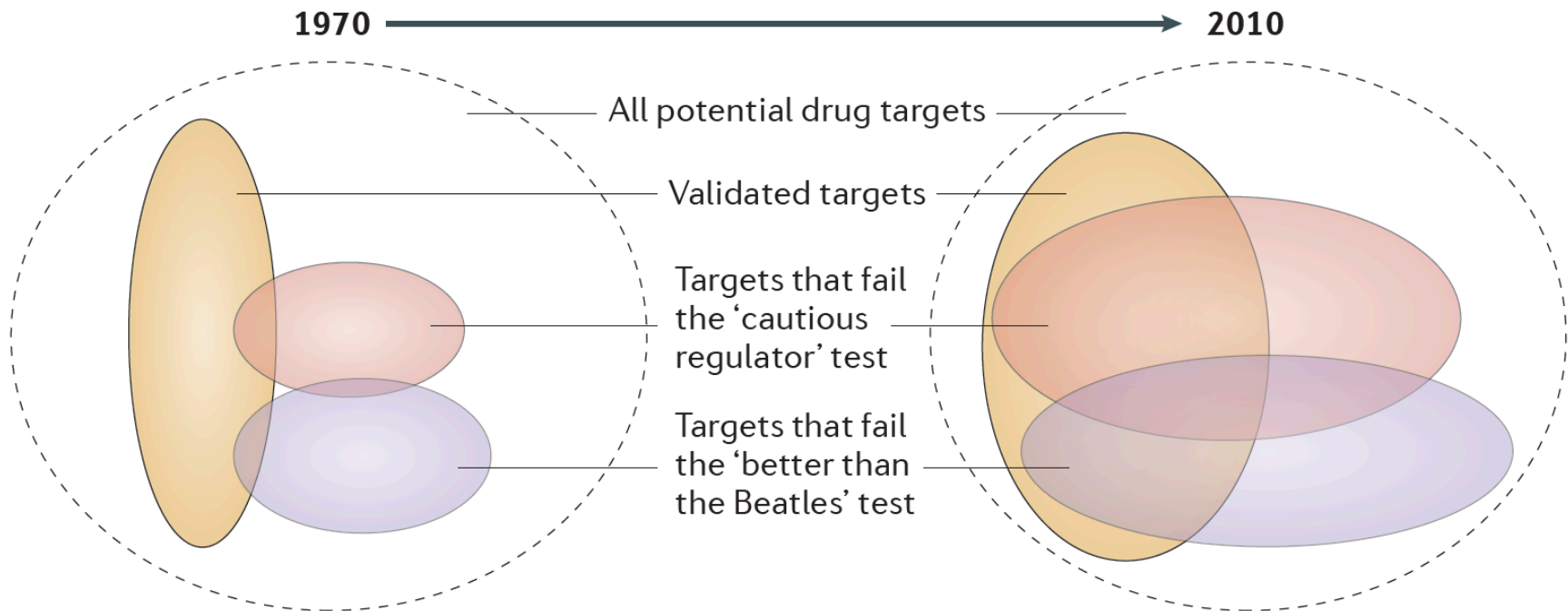
a Overall trend in R&D efficiency (inflation-adjusted)



Scannell JW et al. Nature Reviews Drug Discovery 2012;11:191-200



T: Why Might This Be Happening?



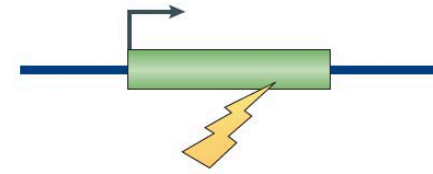
Scannell JW et al. Nature Reviews Drug Discovery 2012;11:191-200

T: Some Think Our Paradigm May be Wrong...

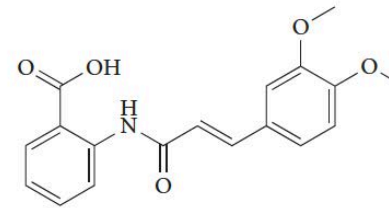


a Target modulation

Mutation



Drug



Natural condition



Gittelman M. J Research Policy 2016;45:1570-85

Plenge RM et al. Nature Reviews Drug Discovery 2013;12:581-594



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Looking Forward to Open Dialogue ...

Open Mike

Helping connect you with the NIH perspective, and helping connect us with yours

Updates on Addressing Rigor in Your NIH Applications

Posted on **January 11, 2016** by **Mike Lauer**

As NIH moves ahead with implementing measures to enhance rigor, transparency and reproducibility in NIH-supported research, I'd like to give a brief update on these efforts, and highlight some important timeline changes for implementation in applications for institutional training grants (T), institutional career development awards (K12), and individual fellowships (F). [Continue reading →](#)



Dr. Michael Lauer is NIH's Deputy Director for Extramural Research, serving as the principal scientific leader and advisor to the NIH Director on the NIH extramural research program.